

DUSP26 siRNA (m): sc-77205

BACKGROUND

Mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinases are a large class of proteins involved in signal transduction pathways, which are activated by a range of stimuli and mediate a number of physiological and pathological changes in the cell. Dual specificity phosphatases (DUSPs) are a subclass of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) gene superfamily, which are selective for dephosphorylating critical phosphothreonine and phosphotyrosine residues within MAP kinases. DUSP gene expression is induced by a host of growth factors and/or cellular stresses, thereby negatively regulating MAP kinase superfamily members including MAPK/ERK, SAPK/JNK and p38. DUSP26, also designated LDP4, MKP8, NATA1 and SKRP3, is ubiquitously expressed in brain except in the hippocampus. DUSP26 dephosphorylates p38 thereby inhibiting p38-mediated apoptosis in anaplastic thyroid cancer cells. Downregulation of DUSP26 may also contribute to malignant phenotypes of glioma.

REFERENCES

1. Keyse, S.M. 1995 An emerging family of dual specificity MAP kinase phosphatases. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1265: 152-160.
2. Martell, K.J., Seasholtz, A.F., Kwak, S.P., Clemens, K.K. and Dixon, J.E. 1995. hVH-5: a protein tyrosine phosphatase abundant in brain that inactivates mitogen-act protein kinase. *J. Neurochem.* 65: 1823-1833.
3. Sun, H. 1998. Functional studies of dual-specificity phosphatases. *Methods Mol. Biol.* 84: 307-318.
4. Camps, M., Nichols, A. and Arkinstall, S. 2000. Dual specificity phosphatases: a gene family for control of MAP kinase function. *FASEB J.* 14: 6-16.
5. Vasudevan, S.A., Skoko, J., Wang, K., Burlingame, S.M., Patel, P.N., Lazo, J.S., Nuchtern, J.G. and Yang, J. 2005. MKP-8, a novel MAPK phosphatase that inhibits p38 kinase. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 330: 511-518.
6. Hu, Y. and Mivechi, N.F. 2006. Association and regulation of heat shock transcription factor 4b with both extracellular signal-regulated kinase mitogen-activated protein kinase and dual-specificity tyrosine phosphatase DUSP26. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 26: 3282-3294.
7. Yu, W., Imoto, I., Inoue, J., Onda, M., Emi, M. and Inazawa, J. 2007. A novel amplification target, DUSP26, promotes anaplastic thyroid cancer cell growth by inhibiting p38 MAPK activity. *Oncogene* 26: 1178-1187.
8. Patterson, K.I., Brummer, T., O'Brien, P.M. and Daly, R.J. 2009. Dual-specificity phosphatases: critical regulators with diverse cellular targets. *Biochem. J.* 418: 475-489.
9. Song, M., Park, J.E., Park, S.G., Lee, D.H., Choi, H.K., Park, B.C., Ryu, S.E., Kim, J.H. and Cho, S. 2009. NSC-87877, inhibitor of SHP-1/2 PTPs, inhibits dual-specificity phosphatase 26 (DUSP26). *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 381: 491-495.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Dusp26 (mouse) mapping to 8 A3.

PRODUCT

DUSP26 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see DUSP26 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-77205-SH and DUSP26 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77205-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of DUSP26 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-77205A, sc-77205B and sc-77205C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

DUSP26 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of DUSP26 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor DUSP26 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: DUSP26 (m)-PR: sc-77205-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.