

## EF-1 $\alpha$ 1 siRNA (m): sc-77232

### BACKGROUND

The elongation factor-1 complex is composed of two subunits, EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 (elongation factor 1- $\alpha$  1) and EF-1  $\alpha$ 2 (elongation factor 1- $\alpha$  2), and is responsible for the delivery of aminoacyl tRNAs to the ribosome. EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 is expressed predominately in brain, placenta, lung, liver, kidney and pancreas, while EF-1  $\alpha$ 2 is highly expressed in heart, brain and skeletal muscle. Both EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 and  $\alpha$ 2 localize to the nucleus and belong to the GTP-binding elongation factor family. The gene encoding EF-1  $\alpha$ 2, which maps to human chromosome 20q13.3, may play a role in the development of ovarian cancer, while the EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 gene, mapping to chromosome 6q13, is commonly present as an autoantigen in patients with Felty syndrome. Felty syndrome is a disorder characterized by rheumatoid arthritis, a swollen spleen, decreased white blood cell count, and increased susceptibility to infection.

### REFERENCES

1. Nyborg, J. 1998. Possible evolution of factors involved in protein biosynthesis. *Acta Biochim. Pol.* 45: 883-894.
2. Agrawal, R.K., et al. 1998. Visualization of elongation factor G on the *Escherichia coli* 70S ribosome: the mechanism of translocation. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95: 6134-6138.
3. Kraal, B., et al. 1999. Translational regulation by modifications of the elongation factor Tu. *Folia Microbiol.* 44: 131-141.
4. Rodnina, M.V., et al. 2000. GTPases mechanisms and functions of translation factors on the ribosome. *Biol. Chem.* 381: 377-387.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Eef1a1 (mouse) mapping to 9 E1.

### PRODUCT

EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-77232-SH and EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77232-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-77232A, sc-77232B and sc-77232C.

### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

### APPLICATIONS

EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 expression in mouse cells.

### SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 (CBP-KK1): sc-21758 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

### RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: EF-1  $\alpha$ 1 (m)-PR: sc-77232-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Liu, Y., et al. 2016. EF1A1/HSC70 cooperatively suppress brain endothelial cell apoptosis via regulating JNK activity. *CNS Neurosci. Ther.* 22: 836-844.
2. Liu, Y., et al. 2021. MLIF modulates microglia polarization in ischemic stroke by targeting eEF1A1. *Front. Pharmacol.* 12: 725268.

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.