EF-1 δ siRNA (h): sc-77235



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

EF-1 (elongation factor-1) is a multi-protein complex that is comprised of $\alpha,\,\beta,\,\gamma$ and δ subunits, all of which work together to ensure the delivery of amino-acyl-tRNAs to the ribosome, thereby elongating mRNA. EF-1 δ , also known as EEF1D, is a 281 amino acid subunit of the EF-1 complex. Functioning as a guanine nucleotide exchange factor, EF-1 δ stimulates the exchange of EF-1 α -bound GDP for GTP. Additionally, EF-1 δ is thought to interact with HIV-1 Tat and may repress host-cell mRNA transcription. Overexpression of EF-1 δ is associated with oesophageal carcinoma and may adversely affect the outcome of medulloblastomas, suggesting that the role that EF-1 δ plays in transcriptional elongation is important for the tight control and regulation of the cell cycle. Multiple isoforms of EF-1 δ exist due to alternative splicing events.

REFERENCES

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- Cans, C., et al. 2003. Translationally controlled tumor protein acts as a guanine nucleotide dissociation inhibitor on the translation elongation factor EEF1A. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 100: 13892-13897.
- Kapp, L.D., et al. 2004. The molecular mechanics of eukaryotic translation. Annu. Rev. Biochem. 73: 657-704.
- Ogawa, K., et al. 2004. Clinical significance of elongation factor-1 δ mRNA expression in oesophageal carcinoma. Br. J. Cancer 91: 282-286.
- Brandenberger, R., et al. 2004. Transcriptome characterization elucidates signaling networks that control human ES cell growth and differentiation. Nat. Biotechnol. 22: 707-716.
- De Bortoli, M., et al. 2006. Medulloblastoma outcome is adversely associated with overexpression of EEF1D, RPL30, and RPS20 on the long arm of chromosome 8. BMC Cancer 6: 223.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: EEF1D (human) mapping to 8g24.3.

PRODUCT

EF-1 δ siRNA (h) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see EF-1 δ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-77235-SH and EF-1 δ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77235-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of EF-1 δ (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of Ivophilized siRNA. These include: sc-77235A and sc-77235B.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

EF-1 δ siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of EF-1 δ expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

EF-1 δ (A-5): sc-393731 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of EF-1 δ gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor EF-1 δ gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: EF-1 δ (h)-PR: sc-77235-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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