# GGTase-Iβ siRNA (r): sc-77357



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Eukaryotic cells contain three distinct prenyltransferases that catalyze the attachment of a thioether-linked 15-carbon farnesyl group or 20-carbon geranylgeranyl group to C-terminal cysteine residues. Geranylgeranyltransferase type I (GGTase-I, PGGTase-I) catalyzes the nucleophilic substitution reaction between geranylgeranyl diphosphate (GGPP) and a protein-derived thiol to form the thioether linkage. The candidate protein contains a C-terminal CAAX motif in which "A" is an aliphatic amino acid and "X" is leucine. Geranylgeranylation is necessary for the TGF $\beta$ 1 signaling pathway, which involves phosphatidylcholine-specific phospholipase and a protein kinase C. Human GGTase-I contains an  $\alpha$  subunit and a  $\beta$  subunit. Geranylgeranyltransferase type II (GGTase-II) is a heterodimer that catalyzes the transfer of two 20-carbon geranylgeranyl groups from geranylgeranyl pyrophosphate onto C-terminal cysteine residues of Rab GTPases, which is required for the activity of Rab proteins. GGTase-II also contains an  $\alpha$  subunit and a  $\beta$  subunit.

## **REFERENCES**

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- Butterfield, L.H., et al. 1999. From cytoprotection to tumor suppression: the multifactorial role of peroxiredoxins. Antioxid. Redox Signal. 1: 385-402.
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- 4. Noh, D.Y., et al. 2001. Overexpression of peroxiredoxin in human breast cancer. Anticancer Res. 21: 2085-2090.
- Kim, S.H., et al. 2001. Protein levels of human peroxiredoxin subtypes in brains of patients with Alzheimer's disease and Down syndrome. J. Neural Transm. Suppl. 223-235.
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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Pggt1b (rat) mapping to 18q11.

## **PRODUCT**

GGTase-I $\beta$  siRNA (r) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections.

For independent verification of GGTase-I $\beta$  (r) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-77357A, sc-77357B and sc-77357C.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## **APPLICATIONS**

GGTase-I $\beta$  siRNA (r) is recommended for the inhibition of GGTase-I $\beta$  expression in rat cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

GGTase-I $\beta$  (D-11): sc-376854 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of GGTase-I $\beta$  gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GGTase-I $\beta$  gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GGTase-I $\beta$  (r)-PR: sc-77357-PR (20  $\mu$ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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