

KAT II siRNA (h): sc-77358

BACKGROUND

Kynurenine aminotransferases belong to the class-I pyridoxal-phosphate-dependent aminotransferase family and contain the members KAT I, KAT II, and KAT III. Kynurenine aminotransferases belong to the class-I pyridoxal-phosphate-dependent aminotransferase family and contain the members KAT I, KAT II, and KAT III. KAT II is a mitochondrial protein involved in lysine degradation. KAT II is expressed highly in liver, but can also be detected in heart, brain, kidney, pancreas, ovary, and testis. Like KAT I, KAT II functions in the catalysis of the reaction L-2-aminoadipate + 2-oxoglutarate → 2-oxoglutarate + L-glutamate. KAT II is thought to function as a homodimer.

REFERENCES

1. Guidetti, P., et al. 1998. Characterization of rat brain kynurenine aminotransferases I and II. *J. Neurosci. Res.* 50: 457-465.
2. Yu, P., et al. 1999. Genomic organization and expression analysis of mouse kynurenine aminotransferase II, a possible factor in the pathophysiology of Huntington's disease. *Mamm. Genome* 10: 845-852.
3. Battaglia, G., et al. 2000. Some metabotropic glutamate receptor ligands reduce kynurenate synthesis in rats by intracellular inhibition of kynurenine aminotransferase II. *J. Neurochem.* 75: 2051-2060.
4. Kocki, T., et al. 2003. L-cysteine sulphinate, endogenous sulphur-containing amino acid, inhibits rat brain kynurenine acid production via selective interference with kynurenine aminotransferase II. *Neurosci. Lett.* 346: 97-100.
5. Yu, P., et al. 2004. Biochemical and phenotypic abnormalities in kynurenine aminotransferase II-deficient mice. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 24: 6919-6930.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AADAT (human) mapping to 4q33.

PRODUCT

KAT II siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see KAT II shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-77358-SH and KAT II shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77358-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of KAT II (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-77358A, sc-77358B and sc-77358C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

KAT II siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of KAT II expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

KAT II (G-4): sc-377158 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of KAT II gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor KAT II gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: KAT II (h)-PR: sc-77358-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Wang, G., et al. 2018. Kynurenine acid, an IDO metabolite, controls TSG-6-mediated immunosuppression of human mesenchymal stem cells. *Cell Death Differ.* 25: 1209-1223.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.