

SgK223 siRNA (h): sc-77433

BACKGROUND

The Ras p21 family of guanine nucleotide proteins has been widely studied in view of its role in signal transduction pathways and high frequency of mutations in human malignancies. The founding members of the Ras family (H-, K- and N-Ras p21) are members of a much larger superfamily of related proteins. Six members of this family, Rap 1A, Rap 1B, Rap 2, R-Ras, Ral A and Ral B, exhibit approximately 50% amino acid homology to Ras. The mammalian Rho proteins (Rho A, B, C, 6, 7 and 8) are approximately 30% homologous to Ras and are expressed in a wide range of cell types. Three Rho-related GTPases Rnd1 (Rho 6), Rnd2 (Rho 7), and Rnd3 (Rho 8 or Rho E) form a distinct branch of the Rho family since they differ from other Rho proteins in size, charge, and biochemical properties. Rnd proteins are likely to be farnesylated, and appear to be constitutively in the activated GTP-bound form. Rnd proteins act as negative regulators of Actin assembly and of cell adhesion. Rnd2 binds to SgK223 (sugen kinase 223) in a GTP-dependent manner. Rnd2-bound SgK223 stimulates Rho A activity and induces cell contraction to regulate neurite outgrowth.

REFERENCES

1. Madaule, P. and Axel, R. 1985. A novel Ras-related gene family. *Cell* 41: 31-40.
2. Barbacid, M. 1987. Ras genes. *Annu. Rev. Biochem.* 56: 779-827.
3. Yermanian, P., et al. 1987. Nucleotide sequence of human Rho cDNA clone 12. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 15: 189.
4. Olofsson, B., et al. 1988. Expression of the Ras-related Ral A Rho 12 and rab genes in adult mouse tissues. *Oncogene* 3: 231-234.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SGK223 (human) mapping to 8p23.1.

PRODUCT

SgK223 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see SgK223 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-77433-SH and SgK223 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77433-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of SgK223 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-77433A, sc-77433B and sc-77433C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

SgK223 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of SgK223 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

SgK223 (A-6): sc-398164 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of SgK223 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SgK223 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SgK223 (h)-PR: sc-77433-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Jin, K., et al. 2017. Acetylation of mastermind-like 1 by p300 drives the recruitment of NACK to initiate Notch-dependent transcription. *Cancer Res.* 77: 4228-4237.
2. Shersher, E., et al. 2021. NACK and INTEGRATOR act coordinately to activate Notch-mediated transcription in tumorigenesis. *Cell Commun. Signal.* 19: 96.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.