

PSKH2 siRNA (h): sc-77653

BACKGROUND

The phosphorylation and dephosphorylation of proteins on serine and threonine residues is an essential means of regulating a broad range of cellular functions in eukaryotes including cell division, homeostasis and apoptosis. A group of proteins that are intimately involved in this process are the serine/threonine (Ser/Thr) protein kinases. PSKH2 (protein serine kinase H2) is a 385 amino acid protein belonging to the CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family. Containing one protein kinase domain, PSKH2 is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 8, which consists of nearly 146 million base pairs, houses more than 800 genes and is associated with a variety of diseases and malignancies. Schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, Trisomy 8, Pfeiffer syndrome, congenital hypothyroidism, Waardenburg syndrome and some leukemias and lymphomas are thought to occur as a result of defects in specific genes that map to chromosome 8.

REFERENCES

1. Hanks, S.K. 1987. Homology probing: identification of cDNA clones encoding members of the protein-serine kinase family. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 84: 388-392.
2. Wildenauer, D.B. and Schwab, S.G. 1999. Chromosomes 8 and 10 workshop. *Am. J. Med. Genet.* 88: 239-243.
3. Brede, G., et al. 2000. Characterization of PSKH1, a novel human protein serine kinase with centrosomal, Golgi, and nuclear localization. *Genomics* 70: 82-92.
4. Amarzguioui, M., et al. 2000. Secondary structure prediction and *in vitro* accessibility of mRNA as tools in the selection of target sites for ribozymes. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 28: 4113-4124.
5. Pilch, B., et al. 2001. Specific inhibition of serine- and arginine-rich splicing factors phosphorylation, spliceosome assembly, and splicing by the antitumor drug NB-506. *Cancer Res.* 61: 6876-6884.
6. Brede, G., et al. 2002. PSKH1, a novel splice factor compartment-associated serine kinase. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 30: 5301-5309.
7. Brede, G., et al. 2003. Mutants of the protein serine kinase PSKH1 disassemble the Golgi apparatus. *Exp. Cell Res.* 291: 299-312.
8. McQueen, M.B., et al. 2005. Combined analysis from eleven linkage studies of bipolar disorder provides strong evidence of susceptibility loci on chromosomes 6q and 8q. *Am. J. Hum. Genet.* 77: 582-595.
9. Nusbaum, C., et al. 2006. DNA sequence and analysis of human chromosome 8. *Nature* 439: 331-335.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PSKH2 (human) mapping to 8q21.3.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

PSKH2 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PSKH2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-77653-SH and PSKH2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77653-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of PSKH2 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-77653A, sc-77653B and sc-77653C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

PSKH2 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of PSKH2 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PSKH2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PSKH2 (h)-PR: sc-77653-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.