



# MRP-L15 siRNA (h): sc-77727

## BACKGROUND

Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) are responsible for protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. The mitoribosomes are composed of a 4:1 ratio of protein to RNA, with the proteins forming two subunits, the 28S subunit and the 39S subunit. Across species, the proteins that make up the mitoribosome subunits vary greatly in sequence, preventing easy recognition by sequence homology. MRP-L15 (mitochondrial 39S ribosomal protein L15), also known as L15mt, is a 296 amino acid mitochondrial ribosomal protein belonging to the ribosomal protein L15P family. Localized to mitochondria, MRP-L15 is present in the 39S subunit of the mitoribosomes.

## REFERENCES

1. O'Brien, T.W., Fiesler, S.E., Denslow, N.D., Thiede, B., Wittmann-Liebold, B., Mougey, E.B., Sylvester, J.E. and Graack, H.R. 1999. Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins (2). Amino acid sequencing, characterization, and identification of corresponding gene sequences. *J. Biol. Chem.* 274: 36043-36051.
2. Simpson, J.C., Wellenreuther, R., Poustka, A., Pepperkok, R. and Wiemann, S. 2000. Systematic subcellular localization of novel proteins identified by large-scale cDNA sequencing. *EMBO Rep.* 1: 287-292.
3. Kenmochi, N., Wellenreuther, R., Poustka, A., Pepperkok, R. and Wiemann, S. 2001. The human mitochondrial ribosomal protein genes: mapping of 54 genes to the chromosomes and implications for human disorders. *Genomics* 77: 65-70.
4. Zhang, Z. and Gerstein, M. 2003. Identification and characterization of over 100 mitochondrial ribosomal protein pseudogenes in the human genome. *Genomics* 81: 468-480.
5. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2008. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 611828. World Wide Web URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/>

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MRPL15 (human) mapping to 8q11.23.

## PRODUCT

MRP-L15 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MRP-L15 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-77727-SH and MRP-L15 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77727-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of MRP-L15 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-77727A, sc-77727B and sc-77727C.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

MRP-L15 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of MRP-L15 expression in human cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MRP-L15 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MRP-L15 (h)-PR: sc-77727-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.