NHE-9 siRNA (h): sc-77892



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

NHE-9 (Na+/H+ exchanger 9), also known as SLC9A9 (solute carrier family 9 (sodium/hydrogen exchanger), member 9), is a 645 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that localizes to late endosomes and belongs to the monovalent cation/proton antiporter family of ion transporters. Expressed ubiquitously with highest levels present in heart and skeletal muscle and lower levels present in liver, placenta and kidney, NHE-9 is thought to play a role in the electroneutral exchange of sodium ions for proteins across membrane and, via this activity, is involved in the maintenance of organelle ion homeostasis. Chromosomal aberrations in the NHE-9 gene are associated with the pathogenesis of early-onset behavioral/developmental disorder with features of attention deficit-hyperactivity disorder and intellectual disability (ADHD).

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SLC9A9 (human) mapping to 3q24.

PRODUCT

NHE-9 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NHE-9 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-77892-SH and NHE-9 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-77892-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NHE-9 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-77892A, sc-77892B and sc-77892C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

NHE-9 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of NHE-9 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

NHE-9 (B-2): sc-515758 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of NHE-9 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2005 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:32,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2031 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-mouse IgG-FITC: sc-2010 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-mouse IgG-TR: sc-2781 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NHE-9 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NHE-9 (h)-PR: sc-77892-PR (20 μ l, 531 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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