# OSTα siRNA (h): sc-78006



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

The heteromeric transporter  $OST\alpha/OST\beta$  facilitates the transport of bile and other steroid solutes across the basolateral epithelial cell membrane of intestine, liver, testis, kidney and adrenal gland.  $OST\alpha/OST\beta$  expression is induced by bile acids through ligand-dependent transactivation of their genes by FXR (Farnesoid X-activated receptor). This genetic regulation suggests that in response to changes in intracellular bile acid levels, bile acids adjust the rate of their own efflux from enterocytes.  $OST\alpha$  (organic solute transporter subunit alpha) is a 340 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that requires interaction with  $OST\beta$  in order to reach the plasma membrane. In  $OST\alpha$  null mice, transileal transport of taurocholate was reduced by more than 80% and bile acid pool size was reduced by more than 65% when compared with wildtype mice, suggesting that  $OST\alpha$  is critical for intestinal bile acid transport. Though widely expressed,  $OST\alpha$  is present at highest levels in ileum.

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Seward, D.J., et al. 2003. Functional complementation between a novel mammalian polygenic transport complex and an evolutionarily ancient organic solute transporter,  $OST\alpha$ - $OST\beta$ . J. Biol. Chem. 278: 27473-27482.
- 2. Dawson, P.A., et al. 2005. The heteromeric organic solute transporter  $\alpha$ - $\beta$ , Ost $\alpha$ -Ost $\beta$ , is an ileal basolateral bile acid transporter. J. Biol. Chem. 280: 6960-6968.
- Landrier, J.F., et al. 2006. The nuclear receptor for bile acids, FXR, transactivates human organic solute transporter-α and -β genes. Am. J. Physiol. Gastrointest. Liver Physiol. 290: G476-G485.
- Sun, A.Q., et al. 2007. Protein-protein interactions and membrane localization of the human organic solute transporter. Am. J. Physiol. Gastrointest. Liver Physiol. 292: G1586-G1593.
- 5. Li, N., et al. 2007. Heterodimerization, trafficking and membrane topology of the two proteins, Ost  $\alpha$  and Ost  $\beta$ , that constitute the organic solute and steroid transporter. Biochem. J. 407: 363-372.
- 6. Ballatori, N., et al. 2008. Ost $\alpha$ -Ost $\beta$  is required for bile acid and conjugated steroid disposition in the intestine, kidney, and liver. Am. J. Physiol. Gastrointest. Liver Physiol. 295: G179-G186.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: OSTALPHA (human) mapping to 3q29.

#### **PRODUCT**

 ${\sf OST}\alpha$  siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu M$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see  ${\sf OST}\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-78006-SH and  ${\sf OST}\alpha$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-78006-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of OST $\alpha$  (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-78006A, sc-78006B and sc-78006C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

### **APPLICATIONS**

 $\text{OST}\alpha$  siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of  $\text{OST}\alpha$  expression in human cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor OST $\alpha$  gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: OST $\alpha$  (h)-PR: sc-78006-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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