SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

calsyntenin-2 siRNA (h): sc-78162

BACKGROUND

Members of the calsyntenin protein family are localized to the postsynaptic membrane of exicitatory central nervous system (CNS) synapses. Calsyntenin-2, also known as Alcadein-γ, is a 955 amino acid protein that localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum, golgi apparatus and plasma membranes. Containing two cadherin-like repeats in its N-terminal extracellular region, calsyntenin-2 binds synaptic calcium with its cytoplasmic domain, suggesting a role in the modulation of calcium-mediated postsynaptic signals. Under normal physiological conditions, calsyntenin-2 is protoeolytically processed in an event in which the primary ζ-cleavage generates a short C-terminal transmembrane fragment and a long extracellular N-terminal domain.

REFERENCES

1. Vogt, L., et al. 2001. Calsyntenin-1, a proteolytically processed postsynaptic membrane protein with a cytoplasmic calcium-binding domain. Mol. Cell. Neurosci. 17: 151-166.
2. Hintsch, G., et al. 2002. The calsyntenins—a family of postsynaptic membrane proteins with distinct neuronal expression patterns. Mol. Cell. Neurosci. 21: 393-409.
3. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2002. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 611323. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
4. Araki, Y., et al. 2003. Novel cadherin-related membrane proteins, Alcadeins, enhance the X11-like protein-mediated stabilization of amyloid β-protein precursor metabolism. J. Biol. Chem. 278: 49448-49458.
5. Araki, Y., et al. 2004. Coordinated metabolism of Alcadein and amyloid β-protein precursor regulates FE65-dependent gene transactivation. J. Biol. Chem. 279: 24343-24354.
6. Suzuki, T., et al. 2006. Trafficking of Alzheimer's disease-related membrane proteins and its participation in disease pathogenesis. J. Biochem. 139: 949-955.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CLSTN2 (human) mapping to 3q23.

PRODUCT

calsyntenin-2 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 µM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see calsyntenin-2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-78162-SH and calsyntenin-2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-78162-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of calsyntenin-2 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-78162A, sc-78162B and sc-78162C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 µl of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 µl of RNAse-free water makes a 10 µM solution in a 10 µM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

calsyntenin-2 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of calsyntenin-2 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor calsyntenin-2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: calsyntenin-2 (h)-PR: sc-78162-PR (20 µl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.