Klebsiella K15 (311/408): sc-80860



The Power to Ouestion

BACKGROUND

Klebsiella refers to a genus of extremely common, non-motile, Gram-negative bacteria that are encased by a prominent polysaccharide-based capsule and are capable of lactose fermentation and nitrogen fixation under anaerobic conditions. Occurring naturally in soil and in the normal flora of the skin, mouth and intestines, Klebsiella bacteria can cause a wide range of diseases, including soft tissue infections, septicemia, urinary tract infections and, most notably, pneumonia. Klebsiella exists as dozens of different serologically classified strains which differ in their capsule composition. Klebsiella K15 is one of the many serotypes of Klebsiella bacteria.

REFERENCES

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 The hpx genetic system for hypoxanthine assimilation as a nitrogen source in *Klebsiella pneumoniae*: gene organization and transcriptional regulation.
 J. Bacteriol. 190: 7892-7903.

SOURCE

Klebsiella K15 (311/408) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against Klebsiella K15.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg lgG_3 in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

Klebsiella K15 (311/408) is recommended for detection of capsular serotype 15 (K15) of *Klebsiella* origin by immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Ruan, N., Lin, C., Dong, X., Hu, X. and Zhang, Y. 2018. Induction of Rhesus keratinocytes into functional ameloblasts by mouse embryonic dental mesenchyme. Tissue Eng. Regen. Med. 15: 173-181.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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