SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Rab 3B (48-K2): sc-81911



BACKGROUND

The Ras-related superfamily of guanine nucleotide binding proteins, which includes the R-Ras, Rap, Ral/Rec and Rho/Rab subfamilies exhibit 30-60% homology with Ras p21. Accumulating data suggests an important role for Rab proteins, either in endocytosis or in biosynthetic protein transport. The transport of newly synthesized proteins from the endoplasmic reticulum to various stacks of the Golgi complex and to secretory vesicles involves at each stage the movement of carrier vesicles, a process that appears to involve Rab protein function. The possibility that Rab proteins might also direct the exocytosis from secretory vesicles to the plasma membrane is supported by the observation that in yeast, the SEC4 protein, which is 40% homologous to Rab proteins, is associated with secretory vesicles. At least eight members of the Rab subfamily have been identified, each of which is found at a particular stage of a membrane transport pathway.

REFERENCES

- Zahraoui, A., et al. 1989. The human Rab genes encode a family of GTPbinding proteins related to yeast YPT1 and SEC4 products involved insecretion. J. Biol. Chem. 264: 12394-12401.
- Chavrier, P., et al. 1992. The complexity of the Rab and Rho GTP-binding protein subfamilies revealed by a PCR cloning approach. Gene 112: 261-264.
- 3. Pfeffer, S.R. 1992. GTP-binding proteins in intracellular transport. Trends Cell Biol. 2: 41-46.
- Baldini, G., et al. 1992. Cloning of a Rab 3 isotype predominately expressed in adipocytes. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89: 5049-5052.
- 5. Novick, P. and Brennwald, P. 1993. Friends and family: the role of the Rab GTPases in vesicular traffic. Cell 75: 597-601.
- Ferro-Novick, S. and Novick. P. 1993. The role of GTP-binding proteins in transport along the exocytic pathway. Annu. Rev. Cell Biol. 9: 575-599.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RAB3B (human) mapping to 1p32.3.

SOURCE

Rab 3B (48-K2) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant Rab 3B of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg IgG_{2a} lambda light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

Rab 3B (48-K2) is recommended for detection of Rab 3B of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Rab 3B siRNA (h): sc-41814, Rab 3B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-41814-SH and Rab 3B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41814-V.

Molecular Weight of Rab 3B: 25 kDa.

Positive Controls: IMR-32 cell lysate: sc-2409.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGλ BP-HRP: sc-516132 or m-IgGλ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516132-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGλ BP-FITC: sc-516185 or m-IgGλ BP-PE: sc-516186 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgGλ BP-HRP: sc-516132 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA



Rab 3B (48-K2): sc-81911. Immunofluorescence staining of paraformaldehyde-fixed HeLa cells showing cytoplasmic localization (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human pancreas tissue showing membrane and cytoplasmic localization (B).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Tan, P.Y., et al. 2012. Integration of regulatory networks by NKX3-1 promotes androgen-dependent prostate cancer survival. Mol. Cell. Biol. 32: 399-414.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.