

UQCRH siRNA (h): sc-88122

BACKGROUND

UQCRH (ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase hinge protein), also known as QCR6, is a 91 amino acid protein that localizes to the inner mitochondrial membrane and exists as a component of the ubiquinol-cytochrome c reductase complex (known as complex III or as the cytochrome b-c1 complex). Functioning in conjunction with a variety of other proteins, UQCRH plays a role in the mitochondrial respiratory chain and it thought to mediate cytochrome complex formation. The gene encoding UQCRH maps to human chromosome 1, which spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes and comprises nearly 8% of the human genome. Chromosome 1 houses a large number of disease-associated genes, including those that are involved in familial adenomatous polyposis, Stickler syndrome, Parkinson's disease, Gaucher disease, schizophrenia and Usher syndrome. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers, including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma.

REFERENCES

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7. Modena, P., Testi, M.A., Facchinetti, F., Mezzananza, D., Radice, M.T., Pilotti, S. and Sozzi, G. 2003. UQCRH gene encoding mitochondrial Hinge protein is interrupted by a translocation in a soft-tissue sarcoma and epigenetically inactivated in some cancer cell lines. *Oncogene* 22: 4586-4593.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: UQCRH (human) mapping to 1p34.1.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

UQCRH siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see UQCRH shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-88122-SH and UQCRH shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-88122-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

UQCRH siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of UQCRH expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor UQCRH gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: UQCRH (h)-PR: sc-88122-PR (20 μ l, 540 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.