



GPR177 siRNA (h): sc-88713

BACKGROUND

G protein-coupled receptors (GPRs), also known as seven transmembrane receptors, heptahelical receptors or 7TM receptors, comprise a superfamily of proteins that play a role in many different stimulus-response pathways. G protein coupled receptors translate extracellular signals into intracellular signals (G protein activation) and they respond to a variety of signaling molecules, such as hormones and neurotransmitters. GPR177 (G protein-coupled receptor 177), also known as EVI, MRP, WLS or C1orf139, is a 541 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that plays an essential role in Wnt-mediated cell-cell communication. The gene encoding GPR177 maps to human chromosome 1 and is expressed as multiple alternatively spliced isoforms.

REFERENCES

1. Larhammar, D., et al. 1993. The receptor revolution—multiplicity of G protein-coupled receptors. *Drug Des. Discov.* 9: 179-188.
2. Ji, T.H., et al. 1998. G protein-coupled receptors. I. Diversity of receptor-ligand interactions. *J. Biol. Chem.* 273: 17299-17302.
3. Schöneberg, T., et al. 1999. Structural basis of G protein-coupled receptor function. *Mol. Cell. Endocrinol.* 151: 181-193.
4. Schöneberg, T., et al. 2002. The structural basis of G protein-coupled receptor function and dysfunction in human diseases. *Rev. Physiol. Biochem. Pharmacol.* 144: 143-227.
5. Vassilatis, D.K., et al. 2003. The G protein-coupled receptor repertoires of human and mouse. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 100: 4903-4908.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: WLS (human) mapping to 1p31.3.

PRODUCT

GPR177 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GPR177 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-88713-SH and GPR177 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-88713-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GPR177 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-88713A, sc-88713B and sc-88713C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

GPR177 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of GPR177 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GPR177 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GPR177 (h)-PR: sc-88713-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Kim, Y.E., et al. 2021. SILAC-based quantitative proteomic analysis of oxaliplatin-resistant pancreatic cancer cells. *Cancers* 13: 724.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.