NSL1 siRNA (h): sc-88843



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

NSL1, also designated DC8, is a 281 amino acid protein that is associated with chromosomal kinetochores and functions as a component of the MIS12 protein complex, which ensures proper kinetochore formation and spindle checkpoint activity. Members of the MIS12 protein complex also include MIS12, DSN1 and PMF1. The gene encoding NSL1 maps to human chromosome 1q32.3, the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. Approximately 3,000 genes are located on chromosome 1, which include several disease genes. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA gene which encodes Lamin A as well as Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NSL1 (human) mapping to 1q32.3.

PRODUCT

NSL1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NSL1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-88843-SH and NSL1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-88843-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NSL1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-88843A, sc-88843B and sc-88843C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

NSL1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of NSL1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NSL1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NSL1 (h)-PR: sc-88843-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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