MRP-S18C siRNA (h): sc-89249



The Power to Ouestion

BACKGROUND

Mitochondrial ribosomes consist of a large 39S subunit and a small 28S subunit, both of which are comprised of multiple mitochondrial ribosomal proteins (MRPs) that are encoded by nuclear genes and are essential for protein synthesis within mitochondria. MRP-S18C (mitochondrial ribosomal protein S18BC), also known as MRPS18-1, is a 142 amino acid protein that localizes to the mitochondrion, where it exists as a component of the 28S ribosomal subunit and works in conjunction with other MRPs to mediate protein synthesis. MRP-S18C is a member of the ribosomal protein S18P family, which also includes MRP-S18A and MRP-S18B. The gene encoding MRP-S18C maps to human chromosome 4, which encodes nearly 6% of the human genome and has the largest gene deserts (regions of the genome with no protein encoding genes) of all of the human chromosomes.

REFERENCES

- Kenmochi, N., Suzuki, T., Uechi, T., Magoori, M., Kuniba, M., Higa, S., Watanabe, K. and Tanaka, T. 2001. The human mitochondrial ribosomal protein genes: mapping of 54 genes to the chromosomes and implications for human disorders. Genomics 77: 65-70.
- Cavdar Koc, E., Burkhart, W., Blackburn, K., Moseley, A. and Spremulli, L.L. 2001. The small subunit of the mammalian mitochondrial ribosome. Identification of the full complement of ribosomal proteins present. J. Biol. Chem. 276: 19363-19374.
- Suzuki, T., Terasaki, M., Takemoto-Hori, C., Hanada, T., Ueda, T., Wada, A. and Watanabe, K. 2001. Proteomic analysis of the mammalian mitochondrial ribosome. Identification of protein components in the 28 S small subunit. J. Biol. Chem. 276: 33181-33195.
- Zhang, Z. and Gerstein, M. 2003. Identification and characterization of over 100 mitochondrial ribosomal protein pseudogenes in the human genome. Genomics 81: 468-480.
- Wang, C.C., Kadota, M., Nishigaki, R., Kazuki, Y., Shirayoshi, Y., Rogers, M.S., Gojobori, T., Ikeo, K. and Oshimura, M. 2004. Molecular hierarchy in neurons differentiated from mouse ES cells containing a single human chromosome 21. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 314: 335-350.
- 6. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2008. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 611983. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MRPS18C (human) mapping to 4q21.23.

PRODUCT

MRP-S18C siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MRP-S18C shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-89249-SH and MRP-S18C shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-89249-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20 $^{\circ}$ C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

MRP-S18C siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of MRP-S18C expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MRP-S18C gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MRP-S18C (h)-PR: sc-89249-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com