# GCC1 siRNA (h): sc-89413



The Power to Ouestion

### **BACKGROUND**

GCC1 (Golgi coiled-coil protein 1), also known as GRIP and coiled-coil domain-containing protein 1 or GCC88, is a 775 amino acid cytoplasmic and peripheral membrane protein of the Golgi apparatus. Involved in maintenance of Golgi structure, GCC1 is essential for retrograde transport of cargo from the early endosomes to the *trans*-Golgi network. GCC1 contains one GRIP domain and is encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 7q32.1. Chromosome 7 houses over 1,000 genes, comprises nearly 5% of the human genome and has been linked to osteogenesis imperfecta, Pendred syndrome, lissencephaly, citrullinemia and Shwachman-Diamond syndrome.

### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Tsipouras, P., Myers, J.C., Ramirez, F. and Prockop, D.J. 1983. Restriction fragment length polymorphism associated with the pro  $\alpha$  2l gene of human type I procollagen. Application to a family with an autosomal dominant form of osteogenesis imperfecta. J. Clin. Invest. 72: 1262-1267.
- 2. Kjer-Nielsen, L., Teasdale, R.D., van Vliet, C. and Gleeson, P.A. 1999. A novel Golgi-localisation domain shared by a class of coiled-coil peripheral membrane proteins. Curr. Biol. 9: 385-388.
- Iwasaki, S., Usami, S., Abe, S., Isoda, H., Watanabe, T. and Hoshino, T. 2001. Long-term audiological feature in Pendred syndrome caused by PDS mutation. Arch. Otolaryngol. Head Neck Surg. 127: 705-708.
- Luke, M.R., Kjer-Nielsen, L., Brown, D.L., Stow, J.L. and Gleeson, P.A. 2003. GRIP domain-mediated targeting of two new coiled-coil proteins, GCC88 and GCC185, to subcompartments of the *trans*-Golgi network. J. Biol. Chem. 278: 4216-4226.
- Lu, L. and Hong, W. 2003. Interaction of Arl1-GTP with GRIP domains recruits autoantigens Golgin-97 and Golgin-245/p230 onto the Golgi. Mol. Biol. Cell 14: 3767-3781.
- 6. Luke, M.R., Houghton, F., Perugini, M.A. and Gleeson, P.A. 2005. The  $\it trans$ -Golgi network GRIP-domain proteins form  $\alpha$ -helical homodimers. Biochem. J. 388: 835-841.
- 7. Reiner, O., Sapoznik, S. and Sapir, T. 2006. Lissencephaly 1 linking to multiple diseases: mental retardation, neurodegeneration, schizophrenia, male sterility, and more. Neuromolecular Med. 8: 547-565.
- Lieu, Z.Z., Derby, M.C., Teasdale, R.D., Hart, C., Gunn, P. and Gleeson, P.A. 2007. The golgin GCC88 is required for efficient retrograde transport of cargo from the early endosomes to the *trans*-Golgi network. Mol. Biol. Cell 18: 4979-4991.
- 9. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2009. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 607418. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: GCC1 (human) mapping to 7g32.1.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### **PRODUCT**

GCC1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu M$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GCC1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-89413-SH and GCC1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-89413-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GCC1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-89413A, sc-89413B and sc-89413C.

# STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{GCC1}}$  siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of GCC1 expression in human cells.

# **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

# **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GCC1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GCC1 (h)-PR: sc-89413-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com