

T2R39 siRNA (h): sc-89846

BACKGROUND

T2R39 (taste receptor type 2 member 39), also known as T2R57 (taste receptor type 2 member 57) or TAS2R39, is a 338 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that belongs to the G protein-coupled receptor T2R family. T2R39 acts as a receptor that may play a role in the perception of bitterness, and is also thought to be involved in sensing the chemical composition of gastrointestinal content. As a gustducin-linked receptor, the activity of T2R39 may stimulate $G_{\alpha t}$ (α gustducin), mediate PLC $\beta 2$ activation and lead to the gating of TRPM5. While expressed in subsets of taste receptor cells of the tongue and palate epithelium, T2R39 is found exclusively in gustducin-positive cells. The gene that encodes T2R39 contains 1,017 bases and maps to human chromosome 7q34. Chromosome 7 houses over 1,000 genes, comprises nearly 5% of the human genome and has been linked to Osteogenesis imperfecta, Pendred syndrome, Lissencephaly, Citrullinemia and Shwachman-Diamond syndrome.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TAS2R39 (human) mapping to 7q34.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

T2R39 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see T2R39 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-89846-SH and T2R39 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-89846-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of T2R39 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-89846A, sc-89846B and sc-89846C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

T2R39 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of T2R39 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor T2R39 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: T2R39 (h)-PR: sc-89846-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.