# OR4N4 siRNA (h): sc-89963



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose to initiate a neuronal response that leads to the perception of smell. While they share a seven transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors, olfactory receptors are responsible for the recognition and transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. OR4N4 (olfactory receptor 4N4), also known as OR15-1 or OR15-5, is a 316 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that belongs to the G protein-coupled receptor 1 family. The gene that encodes OR4N4 consists of nearly 1,000 bases and maps to human chromosome 15q11.2. Chromosome 15 houses over 700 genes and comprises nearly 3% of the human genome. Angelman syndrome, Prader-Willi syndrome, Tay-Sachs disease and Marfan syndrome are all associated with defects in chromosome 15-localized genes.

#### **REFERENCES**

- Knoll, J.H., Nicholls, R.D., Magenis, R.E., Graham, J.M., Lalande, M. and Latt, S.A. 1989. Angelman and Prader-Willi syndromes share a common chromosome 15 deletion but differ in parental origin of the deletion. Am. J. Med. Genet. 32: 285-290.
- Hurowitz, G.I., Silver, J.M., Brin, M.F., Williams, D.T. and Johnson, W.G. 1993. Neuropsychiatric aspects of adult-onset Tay-Sachs disease: two case reports with several new findings. J. Neuropsychiatry Clin. Neurosci. 5: 30-36.
- Boer, H., Holland, A., Whittington, J., Butler, J., Webb, T. and Clarke, D. 2002. Psychotic illness in people with Prader Willi syndrome due to chromosome 15 maternal uniparental disomy. Lancet 359: 135-136.
- Malnic, B., Godfrey, P.A. and Buck, L.B. 2004. The human olfactory receptor gene family. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 101: 2584-2589.
- 5. Midla, G.S. 2008. Diagnosis and management of patients with Marfan syndrome. JAAPA 21: 21-25.
- Dan, B. 2009. Angelman syndrome: current understanding and research prospects. Epilepsia 50: 2331-2339.
- Ferrer-Bolufer, I., Dalmau, J., Quiroga, R., Oltra, S., Orellana, C., Monfort, S., Roselló, M., De La Osa, A. and Martinez, F. 2009. Tyrosinemia type 1 and Angelman syndrome due to paternal uniparental isodisomy 15. J. Inherit. Metab. Dis. 32: S349-S353.
- 8. Wawrzik, M., Unmehopa, U.A., Swaab, D.F., van de Nes, J., Buiting, K. and Horsthemke, B. 2010. The C15orf2 gene in the Prader-Willi syndrome region is subject to genomic imprinting and positive selection. Neurogenetics. 11: 153-161.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: OR4N4 (human) mapping to 15q11.2.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### **PRODUCT**

OR4N4 siRNA (h) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu M$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see OR4N4 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-89963-SH and OR4N4 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-89963-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of OR4N4 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-89963A and sc-89963B.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

 $\mbox{OR4N4}$  siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of OR4N4 expression in human cells.

## **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor OR4N4 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: OR4N4 (h)-PR: sc-89963-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com