



OIP5 siRNA (h): sc-89996

BACKGROUND

OIP5 (opa interacting protein 5), also known as LINT-25, CT86 (cancer/testis antigen 86) or MIS18B, is a 229 amino acid nuclear protein that is required for chromosome segregation during mitosis. OIP5 exists as a homodimer but can also heterodimerize with FASP1 (FAPP1-associated protein 1). Essential for the recruitment of CENP-A (centromere autoantigen A) to centromeres, OIP5 localizes to centromeres of interphase cells during late anaphase and G₁. The gene encoding OIP5 maps to human chromosome 15, which houses over 700 genes and comprises nearly 3% of the human genome. Angelman syndrome, Prader-Willi syndrome, Tay-Sachs disease and Marfan syndrome are all associated with defects in chromosome 15-localized genes.

REFERENCES

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3. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2006. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 606020. World Wide Web URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/>
4. Fujita, Y., et al. 2007. Priming of centromere for CENP-A recruitment by human hMis18 α , hMis18 β , and M18BP1. *Dev. Cell* 12: 17-30.
5. Naetar, N., et al. 2007. LAP2 α -binding protein LINT-25 is a novel chromatin-associated protein involved in cell cycle exit. *J. Cell Sci.* 120: 737-747.
6. Midla, G.S. 2008. Diagnosis and management of patients with Marfan syndrome. *JAAPA* 21: 21-25.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: OIP5 (human) mapping to 15q15.1.

PRODUCT

OIP5 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see OIP5 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-89996-SH and OIP5 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-89996-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of OIP5 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-89996A, sc-89996B and sc-89996C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

OIP5 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of OIP5 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor OIP5 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: OIP5 (h)-PR: sc-89996-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.