MAPKBP-1 siRNA (h): sc-90268



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

MAP kinases play a significant role in many biological processes, including cell adhesion and spreading, cell differentiation and apoptosis. MAPKBP-1 (mitogen-activated protein kinase binding protein 1), also known as JNKBP-1, is a 1,514 amino acid protein that contains 12 WD repeats. Induced by TRAF2 (TNF receptor-associated factor 2) and Tak1 (TGF- β -activated kinase 1), MAPKBP-1 is thought to act an adaptor protein for NF κ B (nuclear factor κ B) activation. MAPKBP-1 interacts with JNK3 and may promote TRAF2 polyubiquitination. MAPKBP-1 exists as six alternatively spliced variants and is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 15. Human chromosome 15 houses over 700 genes and comprises nearly 3% of the human genome. Angelman syndrome, Prader-Willi syndrome, Tay-Sachs disease and Marfan syndrome are all associated with defects in chromosome 15-localized genes.

REFERENCES

- 1. Koyano, S., et al. 1999. A novel Jun N-terminal kinase (JNK)-binding protein that enhances the activation of JNK by MEK kinase 1 and TGF β -activated kinase 1. FEBS Lett. 457: 385-388.
- Cox, N.J., et al. 1999. Loci on chromosomes 2 (NIDDM1) and 15 interact to increase susceptibility to diabetes in Mexican Americans. Nat. Genet. 21: 213-215.
- Khandoudi, N., et al. 2002. Rosiglitazone, a peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor-γ, inhibits the Jun NH₂-terminal kinase/activating protein 1 pathway and protects the heart from ischemia/reperfusion injury. Diabetes 51: 1507-1514.
- Meng W., et al. 2002. Structure of mitogen-activated protein kinase-activated protein (MAPKAP) kinase 2 suggests a bifunctional switch that couples kinase activation with nuclear export. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 37401-37405.
- Seternes O.M., et al. 2002. Both binding and activation of p38 mitogenactivated protein kinase (MAPK) play essential roles in regulation of the nucleocytoplasmic distribution of MAPK-activated protein kinase 5 by cellular stress. Mol. Cell. Biol. 22: 6931-6945.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MAPKBP1 (human) mapping to 15q15.1.

PRODUCT

MAPKBP-1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MAPKBP-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-90268-SH and MAPKBP-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-90268-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of MAPKBP-1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-90268A, sc-90268B and sc-90268C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

MAPKBP-1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of MAPKBP-1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

MAPKBP-1 (B-4): sc-514754 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of MAPKBP-1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MAPKBP-1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MAPKBP-1 (h)-PR: sc-90268-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com