

# CPXM2 siRNA (h): sc-90646

## BACKGROUND

Members of the M14 metalloproteinase family serve many diverse functions and are divided into three subfamilies based on structure, function and amino acid sequence similarity. Belonging to the N/E subfamily, CPXM2 (Inactive carboxypeptidase-like protein X2) is a 756 amino acid protein that contains a F5/8 type C domain and is secreted. Most members of the N/E subfamily contain several domains, including an active carboxypeptidase domain and signal peptide and are thought to function mostly in mediating protein-protein interactions and/or protein-membrane interactions, thereby targeting the protein to specific locations within the secretory pathway. CPXM2 is a unique member of this subfamily in that it does not appear to exhibit any enzymatic activity due to lack of several active-site residues that are present in the catalytic domain of other members of the N/E subfamily. Expression of the closely related protein CPXM is regulated during osteoclastogenesis, suggesting that CPXM may play a role in osteoclast differentiation.

## REFERENCES

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6. Pallarès, I., Bonet, R., García-Castellanos, R., Ventura, S., Aviles, F.X., Vendrell, J. and Gomis-Rüth, F.X. 2005. Structure of human carboxypeptidase A4 with its endogenous protein inhibitor, latexin. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 102: 3978-3983.
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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CPXM2 (human) mapping to 10q26.13.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

## PRODUCT

CPXM2 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CPXM2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-90646-SH and CPXM2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-90646-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CPXM2 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-90646A, sc-90646B and sc-90646C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

CPXM2 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of CPXM2 expression in human cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CPXM2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CPXM2 (h)-PR: sc-90646-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.