SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

EOLA1 siRNA (h): sc-91055

BACKGROUND

EOLA1 (endothelial-overexpressed lipopolysaccharide-associated factor 1), also known as CXorf40A, CXorf40 or FLJ52212, is a 158 amino acid protein that may have a role in cell protection during an inflammation reaction. EOLA1 is expressed at high levels in skeletal muscle, liver, kidney, heart and placenta, with lower expression found in colon, small intestine and spleen. EOLA1 interacts with Metallothionein 2A, a member of the Metallothionein family. Metallothioneins are a group of ubiquitous low-molecular-weight proteins that have functional roles in cell growth, repair and differentiation. Due to their essential role in the protection of cells against the toxicity of cadmium, mercury, and copper, metallothioneins are implicated primarily in metal ion detoxification. Metallothionein, as an acute phase or stress-response protein and free radical scavenger, is related to inflammation and cellular protection from reactive forms of oxygen, ionizing radiation, pharmacological agents and mutagens. Metallothioneins are known to be broadly expressed in heart, liver, kidney, breast and testis tissue.

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CXorf40A (human) mapping to Xq28.

PRODUCT

EOLA1 siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 µM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see EOLA1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-91055-SH and EOLA1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-91055-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 µl of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 µl of RNAse-free water makes a 10 µM solution in a 10 µM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

EOLA1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of EOLA1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor EOLA1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: EOLA1 (h)-PR: sc-91055-PR (20 µl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.