



KK-LC-1 siRNA (h): sc-91056

BACKGROUND

KK-LC-1 (Kita-kyushu lung cancer antigen 1), also known as CT83 (cancer/testis antigen 83), is a 113 amino acid single-pass type II membrane protein that is expressed in testis and various cancer cell lines. The gene encoding KK-LC-1 maps to human chromosome X, which consists of about 153 million base pairs and nearly 1,000 genes. The combination of an X and Y chromosome leads to normal male development while two copies of X leads to normal female development. There are a number of conditions related to an unusual number and combination of sex chromosomes being inherited. More than one copy of the X chromosome with a Y chromosome causes Klinefelter's syndrome. A single copy of X alone leads to Turner's syndrome. More than 2 copies of the X chromosome, in the absence of a Y chromosome, is known as Triple X syndrome. Color blindness, hemophilia, and Duchenne muscular dystrophy are well known X chromosome-linked conditions which affect males more frequently as males carry a single X chromosome.

REFERENCES

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4. Fukuyama, T., et al. 2006. Identification of a new cancer/germline gene, KK-LC-1, encoding an antigen recognized by autologous CTL induced on human lung adenocarcinoma. *Cancer Res.* 66: 4922-4928.
5. Bojesen, A., et al. 2006. The metabolic syndrome is frequent in Klinefelter's syndrome and is associated with abdominal obesity and hypogonadism. *Diabetes Care* 29: 1591-1598.
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7. Helderma-van den Enden, A.T., et al. 2009. Recurrence risk due to germ line mosaicism: Duchenne and Becker muscular dystrophy. *Clin. Genet.* 75: 465-472.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CT83 (human) mapping to Xq23.

PRODUCT

KK-LC-1 siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see KK-LC-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-91056-SH and KK-LC-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-91056-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

KK-LC-1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of KK-LC-1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor KK-LC-1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: KK-LC-1 (h)-PR: sc-91056-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.