FASP1 siRNA (h): sc-91518



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Mapping to chromosome 21, the FASP1 gene (FAPP1-associated protein 1) encodes a 233 amino acid protein that is homologous to the fission yeast protein Mis18. In yeast, Mis18 is localized to the centrosome and forms a complex with Mis16 to maintain the deacetylated state of histones specifically in the central core of centromeres. FASP1, also known as Protein Mis18- α and C21orf45, is required for the recruitment of CENP-A to centrosomes and is thereby essential for normal chromosome segregation during mitosis. With expression in testis, FASP1 exists as a homodimer, a heterodimer with MIS18B or is present in a complex containing other Mis18 family members. FASP1 has been shown to bind to pp5644 in Hela cells, where overexpression of pp5644 leads to inhibited growth and colony formation.

REFERENCES

- Tyson, J., Tranebjaerg, L., Bellman, S., Wren, C., Taylor, J.F., Bathen, J., Aslaksen, B., Sørland, S.J., Lund, O., Malcolm, S., Pembrey, M., Bhattacharya, S. and Bitner-Glindzicz, M. 1997. IsK and KvLQT1: mutation in either of the two subunits of the slow component of the delayed rectifier potassium channel can cause Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome. Hum. Mol. Genet. 6: 2179-2185.
- Müller, S., Stanyon, R., Finelli, P., Archidiacono, N. and Wienberg, J. 2000. Molecular cytogenetic dissection of human chromosomes 3 and 21 evolution. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 97: 206-211.
- 3. Hayashi, T., Fujita, Y., Iwasaki, O., Adachi, Y., Takahashi, K. and Yanagida, M. 2004. Mis16 and Mis18 are required for CENP-A loading and histone deacetylation at centromeres. Cell 118: 715-729.
- 4. Ye, X.X., Lu, H., Yu, Y., Ding, N., Zhang, N.L., Huo, K.K., Wan, D.F., Li, Y.Y. and Gu, J.R. 2005. P5644 interacts with phosphatidylinositol-4-phosphate adaptor protein-1 associated protein-1. Mol. Cell. Biochem. 271: 151-158.
- Mao, R., Wang, X., Spitznagel, E.L.Jr., Frelin, L.P., Ting, J.C., Ding, H., Kim, J.W., Ruczinski, I., Downey, T.J. and Pevsner, J. 2005. Primary and secondary transcriptional effects in the developing human Down syndrome brain and heart. Genome Biol. 6: R107.
- Robakis, N.K. 2006. The discovery and mapping to chromosome 21 of the Alzheimer's amyloid gene: history revised. J. Alzheimers Dis. 10: 453-455.
- 7. Aït Yahya-Graison, E., Aubert, J., Dauphinot, L., Rivals, I., Prieur, M., Golfier, G., Rossier, J., Personnaz, L., Creau, N., Blehaut, H., Robin, S., Delabar, J.M. and Potier, M.C. 2007. Classification of human chromosome 21 gene-expression variations in Down syndrome: impact on disease phenotypes. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 81: 475-491.
- Peterson, L.F., Boyapati, A., Ahn, E.Y., Biggs, J.R., Okumura, A.J., Lo, M.C., Yan, M. and Zhang, D.E. 2007. Acute myeloid leukemia with the 8q22;21q22 translocation: secondary mutational events and alternative t(8;21) transcripts. Blood 110: 799-805.
- 9. Ryoo, S.R., Jeong, H.K., Radnaabazar, C., Yoo, J.J., Cho, H.J., Lee, H.W., Kim, I.S., Cheon, Y.H., Ahn, Y.S., Chung, S.H. and Song, W.J. 2007. DYRK1A-mediated hyperphosphorylation of Tau. A functional link between Down syndrome and Alzheimer's disease. J. Biol. Chem. 282: 34850-34857.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MIS18A (human) mapping to 21q22.11.

PRODUCT

FASP1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see FASP1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-91518-SH and FASP1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-91518-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of FASP1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-91518A, sc-91518B and sc-91518C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

FASP1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of FASP1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor FASP1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: FASP1 (h)-PR: sc-91518-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.