

TSLPR siRNA (h): sc-91575

BACKGROUND

Thymic stromal lymphopoietin (TSLP) is a novel member of the hemopoietic cytokine family that promotes the development of B cells and shares overlapping activity with IL-7. The gene encoding murine TSLP maps to chromosome 18. Its human homologue is expressed in several tissues, including heart, liver and prostate. TSLP mediates its function by binding to a receptor complex: first binding with low affinity to a TSLP-specific chain designated TSLPR, (also designated CRLF2, cytokine receptor-like factor 2), then forming a high affinity complex with the IL-7R α subunit, which explains the overlapping biological properties between TSLP and IL-7. Both TSLP and IL-7 induce phosphorylation of the transcription factor Stat5, but unlike IL-7, TSLP-mediated signaling does not activate the JAKs. TSLP prevents apoptosis and stimulates the proliferation of myeloid cells, which is supported by the coexpression of TSLPR and IL-7R α on monocytes and dendritic cells.

REFERENCES

1. Levin, S.D., et al. 1999. Thymic stromal lymphopoietin: a cytokine that promotes the development of IgM⁺ B cells *in vitro* and signals via a novel mechanism. *J. Immunol.* 162: 677-683.
2. Isaksen, D.E., et al. 1999. Requirement for Stat5 in thymic stromal lymphopoietin-mediated signal transduction. *J. Immunol.* 163: 5971-5977.
3. Park, L.S., et al. 2000. Cloning of the murine thymic stromal lymphopoietin (TSLP) receptor: Formation of a functional heteromeric complex requires interleukin-7 receptor. *J. Exp. Med.* 192: 659-670.
4. Sims, J.E., et al. 2000. Molecular cloning and biological characterization of a novel murine lymphoid growth factor. *J. Exp. Med.* 192: 671-680.
5. Pandey, A., et al. 2000. Cloning of a receptor subunit required for signaling by thymic stromal lymphopoietin. *Nat. Immunol.* 1: 59-64.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CRLF2 (human) mapping to Xp22.33/Yp11.32.

PRODUCT

TSLPR siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see TSLPR shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-91575-SH and TSLPR shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-91575-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

TSLPR siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of TSLPR expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

TSLPR (4A11): sc-293312 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of TSLPR gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TSLPR gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TSLPR (h)-PR: sc-91575-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.