

# ABLM3 siRNA (h): sc-91615

## BACKGROUND

The *C. elegans* protein UNC-115 mediates axon guidance by modulating the growth cone Actin cytoskeleton in response to signals received by growth cone receptors. The mammalian homolog of UNC-115 is the Actin-binding LIM protein family member 1 (ABLM1, also designated Limatin). The ABLM1 protein has an N-terminal domain that contains four double zinc finger motifs, which conform to the LIM motif consensus sequence. ABLM1 binds to F-Actin through a dematin-like domain and is expressed in retina, brain and muscle tissue. There are four known isoforms of ABLM1. The gene encoding ABLM1 maps to a region of chromosome 10 associated with frequent loss of heterozygosity in human tumors, thus identifying ABLM1 as a candidate tumor suppressor gene. ABLM2 and ABLM3 show highest expression in muscle and neuronal tissues, bind to F-Actin, and are localized on stress fibers. They also have been shown to enhance STARS (striated muscle activator of Rho signaling) dependent activation of serum-response factor (SRF), thereby modulating transcription.

## REFERENCES

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- Roof, D.J., Hayes, A., Adamian, M., Chishti, A.H. and Li, T. 1997. Molecular characterization of ABLM, a novel Actin-binding and double zinc finger protein. *J. Cell Biol.* 138: 575-588.
- Lundquist, E.A., Herman, R.K., Shaw, J.E. and Bargmann, C.I. 1998. UNC-115, a conserved protein with predicted LIM and Actin-binding domains, mediates axon guidance in *C. elegans*. *Neuron* 21: 385-392.
- Lu, C., Huang, X., Ma, H.F., Gooley, J.J., Aparacio, J., Roof, D.J., Chen, C., Chen, D.F. and Li, T. 2003. Normal retinal development and retinofugal projections in mice lacking the retina-specific variant of Actin-binding LIM domain protein. *Neuroscience* 120: 121-131.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ABLM3 (human) mapping to 5q32.

## PRODUCT

ABLM3 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ABLM3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-91615-SH and ABLM3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-91615-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of ABLM3 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-91615A, sc-91615B and sc-91615C.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

ABLM3 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of ABLM3 expression in human cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

ABLM3 (C-2): sc-398575 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of ABLM3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ABLM3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ABLM3 (h)-PR: sc-91615-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.