CCDC112 siRNA (h): sc-91830



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

CCDC112 (coiled-coil domain containing 112), also known as MBC1 (mutated in bladder cancer 1), is a 446 amino acid protein. The gene encoding CCDC112 is located on chromosome 5. Due to alternative splicing events, CCDC112 exists as two isoforms. Chromosome 5 comprises about 6% of human genomic DNA and contains 181 million base pairs encoding around 1,000 genes. It is associated with Cockayne syndrome through the ERCC8 gene and familial adenomatous polyposis through the adenomatous polyposis coli (APC) tumor suppressor gene. Treacher Collins syndrome is also chromosome 5 associated and is caused by insertions or deletions within the TCOF1 gene. Deletion of the p arm of chromosome 5 leads to Cri du chat syndrome. Deletion of 5q or chromosome 5 altogether is common in therapy-related acute myelogenous leukemias and myelodysplastic syndrome.

REFERENCES

- Cachón-González, M.B., Wang, S.Z., Lynch, A., Ziegler, R., Cheng, S.H. and Cox, T.M. 2006. Effective gene therapy in an authentic model of Tay-Sachsrelated diseases. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 103: 10373-10378.
- Zody, M.C., Garber, M., Sharpe, T., Young, S.K., Rowen, L., O'Neill, K., Whittaker, C.A., Kamal, M., Chang, J.L., Cuomo, C.A., Dewar, K., Fitzgerald, M.G., Kodira, C.D., Madan, A., Qin, S., Yang, X., Abbasi, N., et al. 2006. Analysis of the DNA sequence and duplication history of human chromosome 15. Nature 440: 671-675.
- 3. Diene, G., Postel-Vinay, A., Pinto, G., Polak, M. and Tauber, M. 2007. The Prader-Willi syndrome. Ann. Endocrinol. 68: 129-137.
- 4. Lalande, M. and Calciano, M.A. 2007. Molecular epigenetics of Angelman syndrome. Cell. Mol. Life Sci. 64: 947-960.
- Maegawa, G.H., Tropak, M., Buttner, J., Stockley, T., Kok, F., Clarke, J.T. and Mahuran, D.J. 2007. Pyrimethamine as a potential pharmacological chaperone for late-onset forms of GM2 gangliosidosis. J. Biol. Chem. 282: 9150-9161.
- 6. Makoff, A.J. and Flomen, R.H. 2007. Detailed analysis of 15q11-q14 sequence corrects errors and gaps in the public access sequence to fully reveal large segmental duplications at breakpoints for Prader-Willi, Angelman, and inv dup(15) syndromes. Genome Biol. 8: R114.
- 7. Ramirez, F. and Dietz, H.C. 2007. Fibrillin-rich microfibrils: structural determinants of morphogenetic and homeostatic events. J. Cell. Physiol. 213: 326-330.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CCDC112 (human) mapping to 5q22.3.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

CCDC112 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CCDC112 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-91830-SH and CCDC112 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-91830-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CCDC112 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-91830A, sc-91830B and sc-91830C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

CCDC112 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of CCDC112 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CCDC112 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CCDC112 (h)-PR: sc-91830-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com