

AFAP-1L1 siRNA (h): sc-92010

BACKGROUND

Actin filament associated protein (AFAP-110) interacts directly with Actin filaments through its C-terminal Actin-binding domain. AFAP-110 contains additional protein-binding domains as well, and serves as an adaptor protein. By linking signaling molecules to Actin filaments, AFAP-110 provides a platform for the preparation of larger signaling complexes, activates Src kinases in response to cellular signals and also directly affects Actin organization as an Actin filament cross-linking protein. AFAP-1L1 (Actin filament-associated protein 1-like 1) is a 768 amino acid protein that, like its relative AFAP-110, contains two Pleckstrin homology (PH) domains, which are normally found in proteins involved in intracellular signaling. AFAP-1L1 is phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATR or Atm. There are four isoforms of AFAP-1L1 that are produced as a result of alternative splicing events.

REFERENCES

1. Musacchio, A., et al. 1993. The PH domain: a common piece in the structural patchwork of signalling proteins. *Trends Biochem. Sci.* 18: 343-348.
2. Qian, Y., et al. 2000. The carboxy-terminus of AFAP-110 modulates direct interactions with Actin filaments and regulates its ability to alter Actin filament integrity and induce lamellipodia formation. *Exp. Cell Res.* 255: 102-113.
3. Baisden, J.M., et al. 2001. The Actin filament-associated protein AFAP-110 is an adaptor protein that modulates changes in Actin filament integrity. *Oncogene* 20: 6435-6447.
4. Baisden, J.M., et al. 2001. The intrinsic ability of AFAP-110 to alter Actin filament integrity is linked with its ability to also activate cellular tyrosine kinases. *Oncogene* 20: 6607-6616.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AFAP1L1 (human) mapping to 5q32.

PRODUCT

AFAP-1L1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see AFAP-1L1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-92010-SH and AFAP-1L1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-92010-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of AFAP-1L1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-92010A, sc-92010B and sc-92010C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

AFAP-1L1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of AFAP-1L1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

AFAP-1L1 (D-6): sc-514788 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of AFAP-1L1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor AFAP-1L1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: AFAP-1L1 (h)-PR: sc-92010-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.