PTRH1 siRNA (h): sc-92839



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

PTRH1 (probable peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase) is a 214 amino acid protein that belongs to the PTH family. The PTRH1 protein is believed to be involved in RNA splicing, silencing and metabolism. The PTRH1 gene is conserved in chimpanzee, canine, bovine, mouse, rat, zebrafish, A. thaliana and rice, and maps to human chromosome 9q34.11. Chromosome 9 consists of about 145 million bases and 4% of the human genome and encodes nearly 900 genes. Considered to play a role in gender determination, deletion of the distal portion of 9p can lead to development of male to female sex reversal, the phenotype of a female with a male X,Y genotype. Hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, which is characterized by harmful vascular defects, is associated with the chromosome 9 gene encoding Endoglin protein, ENG. Familial dysautonomia is also associated with chromosome 9 though through the gene IKBKAP. Notably, chromosome 9 encompasses the largest interferon family gene cluster. Chromosome 9 is partnered with chromosome 22 in the translocation leading to the aberrant production of Bcr-Abl fusion protein often found in leukemias.

REFERENCES

- De Pereda, J.M., Waas, W.F., Jan, Y., Ruoslahti, E., Schimmel, P. and Pascual, J. 2004. Crystal structure of a human peptidyl-tRNA hydrolase reveals a new fold and suggests basis for a bifunctional activity. J. Biol. Chem. 279: 8111-8115.
- Humphray, S.J., Oliver, K., Hunt, A.R., Plumb, R.W., Loveland, J.E., Howe, K.L., Andrews, T.D., Searle, S., Hunt, S.E., Scott, C.E., Jones, M.C., Ainscough, R., Almeida, J.P., Ambrose, K.D., Ashwell, R.I., et al. 2004. DNA sequence and analysis of human chromosome 9. Nature 429: 369-374.
- Zheng, X., Güller, S., Beissert, T., Puccetti, E. and Ruthardt, M. 2006. Bcr and its mutants, the reciprocal t(9;22)-associated Abl/Bcr fusion proteins, differentially regulate the cytoskeleton and cell motility. BMC Cancer 7: 262
- Coppo, P., Flamant, S., De Mas, V., Jarrier, P., Guillier, M., Bonnet, M.L., Lacout, C., Guilhot, F., Vainchenker, W. and Turhan, A.G. 2006. Bcr-Abl activates Stat3 via JAK and MEK pathways in human cells. Br. J. Haematol. 134: 171-179.
- 5. Hims, M.M., Shetty, R.S., Pickel, J., Mull, J., Leyne, M., Liu, L., Gusella, J.F. and Slaugenhaupt, S.A. 2007. A humanized IKBKAP transgenic mouse models a tissue-specific human splicing defect. Genomics 90: 389-396.
- Burmeister, T., Schwartz, S., Taubald, A., Jost, E., Lipp, T., Schneller, F., Diedrich, H., Thomssen, H., Mey, U.J., Eucker, J., Rieder, H., Gökbuget, N., Hoelzer, D. and Thiel, E. 2007. Atypical Bcr-Abl mRNA transcripts in adult acute lymphoblastic leukemia. Haematologica 92: 1699-1702.
- Fernandez-L, A., Garrido-Martin, E.M., Sanz-Rodriguez, F., Pericacho, M., Rodriguez-Barbero, A., Eleno, N., Lopez-Novoa, J.M., Düwell, A., Vega, M.A., Bernabeu, C. and Botella, L.M. 2007. Gene expression fingerprinting for human hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia. Hum. Mol. Genet. 16: 1515-1533.
- Satoh, J., Obayashi, S., Misawa, T., Sumiyoshi, K., Oosumi, K. and Tabunoki, H. 2009. Protein microarray analysis identifies human cellular prion protein interactors. Neuropathol. Appl. Neurobiol. 35: 16-35.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PTRH1 (human) mapping to 9q34.11.

PRODUCT

PTRH1 siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PTRH1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-92839-SH and PTRH1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-92839-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

PTRH1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of PTRH1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PTRH1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PTRH1 (h)-PR: sc-92839-PR (20 μ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com