

PIS1 siRNA (h): sc-93119

BACKGROUND

PIS1, also known as CDIPT (CDP-diacylglycerol—inositol 3-phosphatidyltransferase) or PIS (phosphatidylinositol synthase), is a 213 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that belongs to the CDP-alcohol phosphatidyltransferase class-I family and exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms. Localizing to Golgi apparatus and the cytoplasmic side of endoplasmic reticulum, PIS1 is widely expressed, with highest expression in adult liver and skeletal muscle. PIS1 catalyzes the biosynthesis of phosphatidylinositol (PtdIns), as well as the PtdIns-inositol exchange reaction, which is due to the reverse reaction of PtdIns synthase and is CMP-dependent. PIS1 may also reduce excessive cellular PtdIns. Highly conserved in yeast and mammals, PIS1 is encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 16p11.2.

REFERENCES

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2. Anderson, M.S., et al. 1996. Carbon source regulation of PIS1 gene expression in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* involves the MCM1 gene and the two-component regulatory gene, SLN1. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 26596-26601.
3. Fujita, H., et al. 1997. PIS1, a negative regulator of the action of auxin transport inhibitors in *Arabidopsis thaliana*. *Plant J.* 12: 583-595.
4. Gardocki, M.E., et al. 2003. Expression of the yeast PIS1 gene requires multiple regulatory elements including a Rox1p binding site. *J. Biol. Chem.* 278: 38646-38652.
5. Gardocki, M.E., et al. 2005. Genomic analysis of PIS1 gene expression. *Eukaryotic Cell* 4: 604-614.
6. Han, S.H., et al. 2005. Regulation of the PIS1-encoded phosphatidylinositol synthase in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* by zinc. *J. Biol. Chem.* 280: 29017-29024.
7. Rohatgi, N., et al. 2006. Novel molecular targets of smokeless tobacco (khaini) in cell culture from oral hyperplasia. *Toxicology* 224: 1-13.
8. Kaur, J., et al. 2010. Clinical significance of phosphatidyl inositol synthase overexpression in oral cancer. *BMC Cancer* 10: 168.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CDIPT (human) mapping to 16p11.2.

PRODUCT

PIS1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PIS1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-93119-SH and PIS1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-93119-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of PIS1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-93119A, sc-93119B and sc-93119C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20°C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20°C , avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μl of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μl of RNase-free water makes a 10 μM solution in a 10 μM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

PIS1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of PIS1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μM in 66 μl . Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

PIS1 (C-2): sc-514255 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of PIS1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PIS1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PIS1 (h)-PR: sc-93119-PR (20 μl , 481 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be $55-60^{\circ}\text{C}$ and the extension temperature should be $68-72^{\circ}\text{C}$.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.