NUBP1 siRNA (h): sc-93202



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

NUBP1 (nucleotide binding protein 1), also known as cytosolic Fe-S cluster assembly factor NUBP1 or Nbp35, is a 320 amino acid protein involved in the regulation of centrosome duplication. A member of the Mrp/NBP35 ATP-binding protein family and the NUBP1/NBP35 subfamily, NUBP1 exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms and is known to interact with KIFC1 and NUBP2. NUBP1 is a component of the cytosolic iron-sulfur (Fe/S) protein assembly machinery and can transfer transfer iron-sulfur clusters to certain apoproteins. The gene encoding NUBP1 maps to human chromosome 16, which encodes over 900 genes and comprises nearly 3% of the human genome. The GAN gene is located on chromosome 16 and, with mutation, may lead to giant axonal neuropathy, a nervous system disorder characterized by increasing malfunction with growth. The rare disorder Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome is also associated with chromosome 16, as is Crohn's disease, which is a gastrointestinal inflammatory condition.

REFERENCES

- Baraitser, M. and Preece, M.A. 1983. The Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome: occurrence in two sets of identical twins. Clin. Genet. 23: 318-320.
- Shahrestanifar, M., et al. 1994. Cloning of a human cDNA encoding a putative nucleotide-binding protein related to *Escherichia coli* MinD. Gene 147: 281-285.
- 3. Nakashima, H., et al. 1999. Two novel mouse genes—Nubp2, mapped to the t-complex on chromosome 17, and Nubp1, mapped to chromosome 16—establish a new gene family of nucleotide-binding proteins in eukaryotes. Genomics 60: 152-160.
- Bomont, P., et al. 2000. The gene encoding gigaxonin, a new member of the cytoskeletal BTB/kelch repeat family, is mutated in giant axonal neuropathy. Nat. Genet. 26: 370-374.
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- Hausmann, A., et al. 2005. The eukaryotic P loop NTPase Nbp35: an essential component of the cytosolic and nuclear iron-sulfur protein assembly machinery. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 102: 3266-3271.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NUBP1 (human) mapping to 16p13.13.

PRODUCT

NUBP1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NUBP1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-93202-SH and NUBP1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-93202-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NUBP1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-93202A, sc-93202B and sc-93202C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

NUBP1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of NUBP1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

NUBP1 (C-3): sc-398368 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of NUBP1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NUBP1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NUBP1 (h)-PR: sc-93202-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com