ZG16 siRNA (h): sc-93222



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

ZG16 (zymogen granule protein 16), also known as JCLN, JCLN1 or ZG16A, is a 167 amino acid protein that plays a role in protein trafficking. A secreted protein, ZG16 localizes to the extracellular matrix, as well as the lumen of the cytoplasmic vesicle and Golgi appartus, where it is stored in zymogen granules. ZG16 is a member of the jacalin lectin family and is highly expressed in liver, with lower levels found in colon, jejunum and ileum. The gene encoding ZG16 maps to human chromosome 16, which encodes over 900 genes and comprises nearly 3% of the human genome. The GAN gene is located on chromosome 16 and, with mutation, may lead to giant axonal neuropathy, a nervous system disorder characterized by increasing malfunction with growth. The rare disorder Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome is also associated with chromosome 16, as is Crohn's disease, which is a gastrointestinal inflammatory condition.

REFERENCES

- Baraitser, M. and Preece, M.A. 1983. The Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome: occurrence in two sets of identical twins. Clin. Genet. 23: 318-320.
- Cronshagen, U., Voland, P. and Kern, H.F. 1994. cDNA cloning and characterization of a novel 16 kDa protein located in zymogen granules of rat pancreas and goblet cells of the gut. Eur. J. Cell Biol. 65: 366-377.
- Loftus, B.J., Kim, U.J., Sneddon, V.P., Kalush, F., Brandon, R., Fuhrmann, J., Mason, T., Crosby, M.L., Barnstead, M., Cronin, L., Deslattes Mays, A., Cao, Y., Xu, R.X., Kang, H.L., Mitchell, S., Eichler, E.E., et al. 1999. Genome duplications and other features in 12 Mb of DNA sequence from human chromosome 16p and 16q. Genomics 60: 295-308.
- 4. Bomont, P., Cavalier, L., Blondeau, F., Ben Hamida, C., Belal, S., Tazir, M., Demir, E., Topaloglu, H., Korinthenberg, R., Tüysüz, B., Landrieu, P., Hentati, F. and Koenig, M. 2000. The gene encoding gigaxonin, a new member of the cytoskeletal BTB/kelch repeat family, is mutated in giant axonal neuropathy. Nat. Genet. 26: 370-374.
- 5. Mathew, C.G. and Lewis, C.M. 2004. Genetics of inflammatory bowel disease: progress and prospects. Hum. Mol. Genet. 1: R161-R168.
- Zhou, Y.B., Cao, J.B., Yang, H.M., Zhu, H., Xu, Z.G., Wang, K.S., Zhang, X., Wang, Z.Q. and Han, Z.G. 2007. hZG16, a novel human secreted protein expressed in liver, was down-regulated in hepatocellular carcinoma. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 355: 679-686.
- 7. Kanagawa, M., Satoh, T., Ikeda, A., Nakano, Y., Yagi, H., Kato, K., Kojima-Aikawa, K. and Yamaguchi, Y. 2011. Crystal structures of human secretory proteins ZG16p and ZG16b reveal a Jacalin-related β -prism fold. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 404: 201-205.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ZG16 (human) mapping to 16p11.2.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

ZG16 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ZG16 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-93222-SH and ZG16 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-93222-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of ZG16 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-93222A, sc-93222B and sc-93222C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 $ZG16 \ siRNA$ (h) is recommended for the inhibition of $ZG16 \ expression$ in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ZG16 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ZG16 (h)-PR: sc-93222-PR (20 μ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com