K12 siRNA (h): sc-93717



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

K12, also known as SECTM1 (secreted and transmembrane 1), is a 248 amino acid single-pass type I membrane and secreted protein that is expressed in peripheral blood leukocytes, breast cancer cell lines, granulocytes, thymic epithelial cells and fibroblasts. Belonging to the SECTM family, K12 is a novel protein that is suggested to be involved in hematopoietic and/or immune system processes. K12 stimulates the up-regulation of IL-2R α , ICAM-1 and CD69 on human NK cells. K12 is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 17q25.3. Chromosome 17 comprises over 2.5% of the human genome and encodes over 1,200 genes. Two key tumor suppressor genes are associated with chromosome 17, namely, p53 and BRCA1. Tumor suppressor p53 is necessary for maintenance of cellular genetic integrity by moderating cell fate through DNA repair versus cell death. Malfunction or loss of p53 expression is associated with malignant cell growth and Li-Fraumeni syndrome. Like p53, BRCA1 is directly involved in DNA repair, though specifically it is recognized as a genetic determinant of early onset breast cancer and predisposition to cancers of the ovary, colon, prostate gland and fallopian tubes.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SECTM1 (human) mapping to 17q25.3.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

K12 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see K12 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-93717-SH and K12 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-93717-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of K12 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-93717A, sc-93717B and sc-93717C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

K12 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of K12 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor K12 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: K12 (h)-PR: sc-93717-PR (20 μ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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