

# NDUFB3 siRNA (h): sc-94549

## BACKGROUND

Complex 1 (also known as NADH dehydrogenase) of the electron transport chain (respiratory chain) is an enzymatic complex that catalyzes the transfer of electrons from NADH to ubiquinone. Free energy from the reaction is conserved in the transfer of protons into the intermembrane space to create an electrochemical proton gradient, a driving force for ATP synthesis. Complex 1 is a complicated, multi-protein, L-shaped complex composed of at least 45 different subunits and located in the mitochondrial inner membrane. NDUFB3 (NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) 1  $\beta$  subcomplex subunit 3), also known as B12, is a 98 amino acid hydrophobic protein belonging to the Complex I NDUFB3 subunit family. Ubiquitously expressed, NDUFB3 localizes to the matrix side of the inner membrane of the mitochondrion and functions as an accessory subunit of Complex I.

## REFERENCES

1. Ton, C., et al. 1997. Identification and primary structure of five human NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase subunits. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 241: 589-594.
2. Loeffen, J.L., et al. 1998. cDNA of eight nuclear encoded subunits of NADH:ubiquinone oxidoreductase: human complex I cDNA characterization completed. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 253: 415-422.
3. Hadano, S., et al. 2001. Cloning and characterization of three novel genes, ALS2CR1, ALS2CR2, and ALS2CR3, in the juvenile amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS2) critical region at chromosome 2q33-q34: candidate genes for ALS2. *Genomics* 71: 200-213.
4. Jensen, L.L., et al. 2001. Assignment of human NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) 1  $\beta$  subcomplex 3 (NDUFB3) and of its four pseudogenes to human chromosomes 2q31.3, 1p13.3→p13.1, 9q32→q34.1, 14q22.3→q23.1 and 14q32.2 by radiation hybrid mapping. *Cytogenet. Cell Genet.* 93: 147-150.
5. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM<sup>™</sup>. 2002. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 603839. World Wide Web URL: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/>
6. Sparks, L.M., et al. 2005. A high-fat diet coordinately downregulates genes required for mitochondrial oxidative phosphorylation in skeletal muscle. *Diabetes* 54: 1926-1933.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NDUFB3 (human) mapping to 2q33.1.

## PRODUCT

NDUFB3 siRNA (h) is a pool of 2 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NDUFB3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-94549-SH and NDUFB3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-94549-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NDUFB3 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-94549A and sc-94549B.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## PROLICATIONS

NDUFB3 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of NDUFB3 expression in human cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

NDUFB3 (F-12): sc-393351 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of NDUFB3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NDUFB3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NDUFB3 (h)-PR: sc-94549-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.