

colipase siRNA (h): sc-95315

BACKGROUND

The lipase gene family belongs to one of the most robust genetic superfamilies found in living organisms, which includes esterases and thioesterases. Members of the AB hydrolase subfamily include Hepatic Lipase (HL), Endothelial Lipase (EL), Lipoprotein Lipase (LPL), Pancreatic Lipase (PL), Gastric Lipase (GL) and LCAT. These family members play a crucial role in the metabolism of lipids. Pancreatic lipase, also designated pancreatic triacylglycerol acyl hydrolase, is important for dietary fat absorption as it hydrolyses triglycerides into diglycerides, monoglycerides and free fatty acids. Colipase, also known as CLPS or pancreatic colipase preproprotein, is a 112 amino acid secreted protein that functions as a cofactor of Pancreatic Lipase. Necessary for dietary lipid hydrolysis and localizing to pancreatic acinar cells, colipase allows Pancreatic Lipase to anchor itself to the lipid-water interface of lipid micelles, thereby preventing intestinal bile salts from washing it off.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CLPS (human) mapping to 6p21.31.

PRODUCT

colipase siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see colipase shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-95315-SH and colipase shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-95315-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

colipase siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of colipase expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor colipase gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: colipase (h)-PR: sc-95315-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.