TMTC1 siRNA (h): sc-95670



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The tetratricopeptide repeat (TPR) motif is a degenerate, 34 amino acid sequence found in many proteins that acts to mediate protein-protein interactions in various pathways. At the sequence level, there can be up to 16 tandem TPR repeats, each of which has a helix-turn-helix shape that stacks on other TPR repeats to achieve ligand binding specificity. TMTC1 (transmembrane and tetratricopeptide repeat containing 1), also known as ARG99, is a 882 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein belonging to the TMTC family and contains ten TPR repeats. TMTC1 exists as up to five isoforms due to alternative splicing.

REFERENCES

- Delgado Carrasco, J., Casanova Morcillo, A., Zabalza Alvillos, M. and Ayala Garces, A. 2001. Achondrogenesis type II-hypochondrogenesis: radiological features. Case report. An. Esp. Pediatr. 55: 553-557.
- Yokoyama, T., Nakatani, S. and Murakami, A. 2003. A case of Kniest dysplasia with retinal detachment and the mutation analysis. Am. J. Ophthalmol. 136: 1186-1188.
- Cortajarena, A.L., Kajander, T., Pan, W., Cocco, M.J. and Regan, L. 2004. Protein design to understand peptide ligand recognition by tetratricopeptide repeat proteins. Protein Eng. Des. Sel. 17: 399-409.
- 4. Cortajarena, A.L. and Regan, L. 2006. Ligand binding by TPR domains. Protein Sci. 15: 1193-1198.
- Kajander, T., Cortajarena, A.L., Mochrie, S. and Regan, L. 2007. Structure and stability of designed TPR protein superhelices: unusual crystal packing and implications for natural TPR proteins. Acta Crystallogr. D Biol. Crystallogr. 63: 800-811.
- Forzano, F., Lituania, M., Viassolo, A., Superti-Furga, V., Wildhardt, G., Zabel, B. and Faravelli, F. 2007. A familial case of achondrogenesis type II caused by a dominant COL2A1 mutation and "patchy" expression in the mosaic father. Am. J. Med. Genet. A 143A: 2815-2820.
- 7. Lo, F.S., Luo, J.D., Lee, Y.J., Shu, S.G., Kuo, M.T. and Chiou, C.C. 2009. High resolution melting analysis for mutation detection for PTPN11 gene: applications of this method for diagnosis of Noonan syndrome. Clin. Chim. Acta 409: 75-77.
- Benussi, D.G., Costa, P., Zollino, M., Murdolo, M., Petix, V., Carrozzi, M. and Pecile, V. 2009. Trisomy 12p and monosomy 4p: phenotype-genotype correlation. Genet. Test. Mol. Biomarkers 13: 199-204.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TMTC1 (human) mapping to 12p11.22.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

TMTC1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see TMTC1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-95670-SH and TMTC1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-95670-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of TMTC1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-95670A, sc-95670B and sc-95670C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

TMTC1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of TMTC1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TMTC1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TMTC1 (h)-PR: sc-95670-PR (20 μ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com