

NOC4L siRNA (h): sc-95894

BACKGROUND

GADD 153, a growth arrest and DNA damage-inducible gene, encodes a C/EBP-related nuclear protein. This protein has also been designated C/EBP-homologous protein (CHOP-10 or C/EBP ζ). GADD 153 expression is induced by a variety of cellular stresses, inducing nutrient deprivation and metabolic perturbations. GADD 153 functions to block cells in G₁ to S phase in cell cycle progression and acts by dimerizing with other C/EBP proteins to direct GADD 153 dimers away from "classical" C/EBP binding sites, recognizing instead unique "nonclassical" sites. Thus GADD 153 acts as a negative modulator of C/EBP-like proteins in certain terminally differentiated cells. GADD 153 belongs to the CBF/MAK21 family, which also includes NOC2L, NOC3L and NOC4L. NOC4L is a 516 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that localizes to the nucleus and may be involved in cell cycle regulation.

REFERENCES

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3. Smith, M.L., et al. 1994. Interaction of the p53-regulated protein GADD 45 with proliferating cell nuclear antigen. *Science* 266: 1376-1380.
4. Gujuluva, C.N., et al. 1994. Effect of UV-irradiation on cell cycle, viability and the expression of p53, GADD 153 and GADD 45 genes in normal and HPV-immortalized human oral keratinocytes. *Oncogene* 9: 1819-1827.
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8. Johmura, Y., et al. 2008. FAD24, a regulator of adipogenesis and DNA replication, inhibits H-Ras-mediated transformation by repressing NF κ B activity. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 369: 464-470.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NOC4L (human) mapping to 12q24.33.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

NOC4L siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NOC4L shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-95894-SH and NOC4L shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-95894-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NOC4L (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-95894A, sc-95894B and sc-95894C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

NOC4L siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of NOC4L expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NOC4L gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NOC4L (h)-PR: sc-95894-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.