

RBMXL2 siRNA (h): sc-96516

BACKGROUND

Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins (hnRNPs) constitute a set of polypeptides that contribute to mRNA transcription and pre-mRNA processing, as well as mature mRNA transport to the cytoplasm and translation. They also bind heterogeneous nuclear RNA (hnRNA), which are the transcripts produced by RNA polymerase II. There are approximately 20 known hnRNP proteins, and their complexes are the major constituents of the spliceosome. The majority of hnRNP proteins are localized to the nucleus; however some shuttle between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. RBMXL2 (RNA binding motif protein, X-linked-like 2), also known as hnRPGT (heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein G T) or hnRNP G-T, is a testis-specific hnRNP that is predominantly expressed in meiotic spermatocytes. Localizing to the nucleus, RBMXL2 contains one RNA recognition motif (RRM) and may replace the function of hnRNP G, acting as a germ cell-specific splicing regulator. Due to its specific function in spermatocytes, RBMXL2 is implicated in autosomal male infertility.

REFERENCES

1. Badolato, J., et al. 1995. Identification and characterisation of a novel human RNA-binding protein. *Gene* 166: 323-337.
2. Siomi, H., et al. 1995. A nuclear localization domain in the hnRNP A1 protein. *J. Cell Biol.* 129: 551-560.
3. Myer, V.E., et al. 1995. Isolation and characterization of a novel, low abundance hnRNP protein: A0. *RNA* 1: 171-182.
4. Hanamura, A., et al. 1998. Regulated tissue-specific expression of antagonistic pre-mRNA splicing factors. *RNA* 4: 430-444.
5. Melcak, I., et al. 2000. Nuclear pre-mRNA compartmentalization: trafficking of released transcripts to splicing factor reservoirs. *Mol. Biol. Cell* 11: 497-510.
6. Elliott, D.J., et al. 2000. An evolutionarily conserved germ cell-specific hnRNP is encoded by a retrotransposed gene. *Hum. Mol. Genet.* 9: 2117-2124.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RBMXL2 (human) mapping to 11p15.4.

PRODUCT

RBMXL2 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see RBMXL2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-96516-SH and RBMXL2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-96516-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of RBMXL2 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-96516A, sc-96516B and sc-96516C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

RBMXL2 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of RBMXL2 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

RBMXL2 (RR-17): sc-101134 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of RBMXL2 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor RBMXL2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: RBMXL2 (h)-PR: sc-96516-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.