

TBZF siRNA (h): sc-97513

BACKGROUND

Zinc-finger proteins contain DNA-binding domains and have a wide variety of functions, most of which encompass some form of transcriptional activation or repression. The majority of zinc-finger proteins contain a Krüppel-type DNA binding domain and a KRAB domain, which is thought to interact with KAP1, thereby recruiting histone modifying proteins. TBZF (TRAF6-inhibitory zinc finger protein), also known as zinc finger protein 675, is a 568 amino acid nuclear protein that contains one KRAB domain and 15 C₂H₂-type zinc fingers. Through modulation of TRAF6 signaling activity and inhibition of RANK signaling, TBZF may play a role in osteoclast differentiation. TBZF is regulated during differentiation of human peripheral blood monocytes into osteoclasts and transfection of TBZF into Raw 264.7 cells reduces RANK ligand-induced osteoclastogenesis.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ZNF675 (human) mapping to 19p12.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

TBZF siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see TBZF shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-97513-SH and TBZF shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-97513-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of TBZF (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-97513A, sc-97513B and sc-97513C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μl of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μl of RNase-free water makes a 10 μM solution in a 10 μM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

TBZF siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of TBZF expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μM in 66 μl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TBZF gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TBZF (h)-PR: sc-97513-PR (20 μl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.