TARM1 siRNA (h): sc-97611



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

TARM1 (T-cell-interacting, activating receptor on myeloid cells protein 1), also known as OLT-2 (OSCAR-like transcript-2 protein), is a 271 amino acid single-pass type I membrane protein that contains two lg-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains and exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms. The gene that encodes TARM1 contains 11,434 bases and maps to human chromosome 19q13.42. Consisting of around 63 million bases with over 1,400 genes, chromosome 19 makes up over 2% of the human genome. Chromosome 19 includes a diversity of interesting genes and is recognized for having the greatest gene density of the human chromosomes. It is the genetic home for a number of immunoglobulin superfamily members including the killer cell and leukocyte lg-like receptors, a number of ICAMs, the CEACAM and PSG families, and $Fc\alpha$ receptors. Key genes for eye color and hair color also map to chromosome 19. Peutz-Jeghers syndrome, spinocerebellar ataxia type 6, the stroke disorder CADASIL, hypercholesterolemia and Insulin-dependent diabetes have been linked to chromosome 19.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TARM1 (human) mapping to 19g13.42.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PRODUCT

TARM1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see TARM1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-97611-SH and TARM1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-97611-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of TARM1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-97611A, sc-97611B and sc-97611C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

TARM1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of TARM1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TARM1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TARM1 (h)-PR: sc-97611-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.