# MRI1 siRNA (h): sc-97714



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

MRI1 (methylthioribose-1-phosphate isomerase), also known as MTR-1-P isomerase, is a 369 amino acid enzyme belonging to the eIF2B  $\alpha/\beta/\delta$  subunit family. MRI1 is involved in the amino-acid biosynthesis pathway, specifically the L-methionine biosynthesis via salvage pathway. MRI1 catalyzes the interconversion of methylthioribose-1-phosphate (MTR-1-P) into methylthioribulose-1-phosphate (MTRu-1-P). MRI1 is expressed as two isoforms produced by alternative splicing. The gene that encodes MRI1 maps to human chromosome 19, which consists of around 63 million bases with over 1,400 genes. Chromosome 19 is recognized for having the greatest gene density of the human chromosomes. It is the genetic home for a number of immunoglobulin superfamily members including the killer cell and leukocyte Ig-like receptors, a number of ICAMs, the CEACAM and PSG family, and Fc $\alpha$  receptors. Key genes for eye color and hair color also map to chromosome 19.

## **REFERENCES**

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## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: MRI1 (human) mapping to 19p13.2.

#### **PRODUCT**

MRI1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu M$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MRI1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-97714-SH and MRI1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-97714-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of MRI1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-97714A, sc-97714B and sc-97714C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

MRI1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of MRI1 expression in human cells.

## **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MRI1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MRI1 (h)-PR: sc-97714-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.